

# New War Tax at Once, Wilson Asks Congress

Have You Given All You  
Can to the Red Cross?  
THINK IT OVER.  
THIS IS THE LAST DAY!

## The Evening World.

WEATHER—Cloudy To-Morrow.

FINAL  
EDITION

"Circulation Books Open to All."

"Circulation Books Open to All."

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# GERMANS STRIKE NEW BLOW ON 40 MILE LINE ABOVE AISNE

## \$900,000,000 RATE RAISE PUTS FREIGHT UP 25 PER CENT. AND FARES TO 3 CENTS A MILE

Biggest Increase in History as  
2,000,000 Railroad Men  
Get More Pay.

IN EFFECT NEXT MONTH.

Advance Will Apply Generally  
to Class and Commu-  
nity Rates.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Director General of Railroads McAdoo to-day made public his order raising railroad freight, passenger and baggage rates, which was deemed necessary to meet the expenses of operation of the railroads and steamship lines taken under Federal control.

It is estimated that the programme will bring between \$800,000,000 and \$900,000,000 more revenues to the railroads within the next year. It represents by far the biggest rate increase in the history of railroads.

It follows directly his announcement of general pay increases for nearly 2,000,000 railroad employees aggregating \$600,000,000 a year, half of which will be distributed within a few weeks as back pay in sums ranging from \$100 to about \$200 each.

NEW PASSENGER RATES IN EFFECT ON JUNE 10.

The increase in railroad passenger rates becomes effective June 10, and in freight rates June 25, 1918. In his announcement Mr. McAdoo says the increases are made with the approval of the President.

Director General McAdoo to-day telegraphed Chairmen of State Railroad Commissions, notifying them of the increased rates and asked them to co-operate by suggesting readjustments or changes.

It was said at the offices of the Railroad Administration that Mr. McAdoo believes no State commission can overrule any of the new rates. Any changes that may be ordered by the Interstate Commerce Commission after full investigation will be made promptly and willingly by the Director General, however.

The new regulations provide for an increase of 25 per cent. in all interstate and intrastate class rates on freight, subject to technical modifications. It is stated that the order concerning passenger fares and baggage charges shall apply to all interstate and intrastate passenger fares of railroads under Federal control. It is provided that no existing fare equal to or in excess of three cents per mile shall be reduced. All fares now constructed on a lower basis than three cents per mile shall be advanced to a basis of three cents per mile. All fares which are on a lower basis than the existing or advanced fares, such as mileage or excursion tickets, shall be discontinued, with minor exceptions.

THIRD RATE FARE FOR THOSE IN WAR SERVICE.

Round trip tourist fares shall be established on a reasonable basis bearing proper relation to the one-way fares authorized by this order. It is provided, and a rate of one cent a mile in each direction may be charged for the National Encampment of the G. A. R. at Portland, Ore., and the Confederate Veterans' (Continued on Tenth Page.)

## JOHN O'LEARY HELD IN \$100,000 BAIL IN SEDITION CASE

Charged With Aiding His  
Brother Jeremiah to Es-  
cape From City.

The importance of the O'Leary family in the Government's prosecution of sedition cases was emphasized to-day when John J. O'Leary was held for hearing by Commissioner Samuel M. Hitchcock, under \$100,000 bail. With one exception, this is the largest bond ever required in this Federal jurisdiction. O'Leary is charged with conspiracy in aiding his brother Jeremiah, who is under indictment for alleged seditious utterances in his publication "Rail" to escape from the jurisdiction of the Court.

The overt act charged in the complaint against John O'Leary is that he prepared on May 4 a power of attorney authorizing him to transact his brother's business and handle all his affairs. The Government contends that this power of attorney indicated guilty knowledge of Jeremiah's intention to evade justice. It was executed about the time Jeremiah O'Leary was last seen by his family and associates. When his case was called in the Federal Court two weeks later, O'Leary was missing and his \$2,500 bond was forfeited.

After O'Leary was arraigned Col. Thomas B. Felder, O'Leary's counsel, asked for a preliminary hearing. Mr. Barnes wanted a postponement on the ground that the Government was not yet ready. Commissioner Hitchcock inquired what bail was asked.

"One hundred thousand dollars," said Mr. Barnes. The score of spectators in the little courtroom sat up in amazement.

"In a case of this kind," said Commissioner Hitchcock after brief deliberation, "I don't think that amount is excessive."

Col. Felder declared that in thirty-five years of practice he had never heard of such a thing as \$100,000 bail for an offense punishable by only two years in the penitentiary.

Commissioner Hitchcock refused to lower the amount, and, as he made the order fixing it, he said that if it was excessive O'Leary could obtain a readjustment before any United States District or Appellate Judge.

"I am aware of that; I don't need a guardian," remarked Col. Felder.

GUYNEMER'S PARTNER  
WINS 20TH AIR BATTLE

Capt. De Ullin's Latest Victory An-  
nounced by the French  
Government.

PARIS, May 27.—Capt. De Ullin, it is announced, has won his twentieth aerial victory. The Captain was a partner of the late Capt. Guynemer, the famous French ace.

## WILSON CALLS ON CONGRESS FOR NEW WAR TAX AT ONCE; WARNS AGAINST LOBBYING

Principal Increases on Incomes,  
War Profits and Luxuries,  
Says President.

"POLITICS ADJOURNED."

Declares Profiteering Must Be  
Met by the New  
Legislation.

STRIKING PARAGRAPHS  
IN WILSON'S ADDRESS

Profiteering cannot be got at  
by restraint of conscience and love of  
country can be got at by taxation.

The fall will see America's greatest  
bond issue floated.

Politics is adjourned. Elections  
will go to those who think least of it.

We shall naturally turn to war  
profits and incomes and luxuries for  
the additional taxes.

The country must know what and  
how to save to prepare for its taxes  
and bonds.

The present tax laws are marred  
by inequities which ought to be re-  
mediated.

The people of this country are  
ready and willing to bear any bur-  
den and undergo any sacrifice neces-  
sary to win.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Just as the German cannon were thundering their herald of the renewed offensive on the western battle front, President Wilson to-day appeared unexpectedly before Congress and demanded that, laying political considerations and all others aside, it remain in session until it has enacted new war tax laws to finance the growing cost of the war and prepare the country for the burden it must bear.

At one point in his address the President, pausing, laid his hand over his manuscript and added another precedent breaker to the long list he had established in his dealings with Congress. He addressed the assembly extemporaneously, speaking earnestly and forcefully while his auditors sat in a rapt and surprised silence.

The President was greeted with cheers when in his speech he intimated almost at the outset that new revenue would be drawn from war profits, incomes and luxuries.

The crowded galleries and the House and Senate rose and cheered loudly when he declared that hundreds of thousands of American troops in the field and in ships are crowding to the front with regiment after regiment to join them "until the enemy shall be beaten and brought to a reckoning with mankind."

The President called upon Congress to eliminate politics from the consideration. Politics, he said, is "adjourned."

It would be manifestly unfair, the President said, to wait until 1919 before determining what the new taxes would be.

The President's address was com-

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

THE WORLD TRAVEL BUREAU,  
Aerial Routes (World) Bldg.,  
55-62 Park Row, N. Y. City.  
Telephone Beekman 4000.

Check room for baggage and tickets open day and  
night. Money orders and travelers checks also  
made.—LIT.

## TWO MEN HELD UP IN ELEVATOR AND ROBBED OF \$20,000

Attacked in Duane Street  
Building While on Their  
Way to a Bank.

Two employees of the Melville Ship-  
ping Company at No. 121 Duane Street  
were held up in the elevator of the  
building at 1:05 o'clock this afternoon  
by two men with revolvers and robbed  
of between \$20,000 and \$25,000.

O'Brien and Montgomery are the  
names of the employees. The office of  
the company is on the fifth floor. The  
company makes the collections from  
the Rival and Ward chains of shoe  
stores throughout the city and the  
employees were on their way to de-  
posit receipts of the stores in the  
Irving Bank.

A negro attendant was running the  
elevator as O'Brien and Montgomery  
stepped into the cage from the fifth  
floor. At the fourth floor two stran-  
gers entered the car. As it reached the  
ground floor they presented their re-  
volvers at the heads of the employees  
and demanded the money.

Reports differ as to what immedi-  
ately followed. At police headquarters  
it was reported that O'Brien and  
Montgomery put up a battle and were  
badly beaten. From other sources it  
was learned that they were ordered  
to hand over the bag and did so under  
the persuasion of the two revolvers.

The negro elevator operator was then  
ordered to keep his mouth shut.

The negro obeyed the orders and  
the men got clean away with the  
money before any one dared give the  
alarm. The money, it was said, was  
all in currency.

As soon as the flash was received  
at Police Headquarters Police In-  
spector Cray and a score of detec-  
tives hurried to the building in  
Duane Street.

The two men ran into Duane Street  
and south to Church Street, where  
they were lost to sight. Walter Mc-  
Intyre, the elevator operator, told the  
police the holdup men for more than  
a week past had ridden up and down  
the elevator nearly every day and on  
two occasions asked for the offices of  
E. H. Walsh, who has a stationery  
store at No. 127 Church Street.

A good description of the men was  
furnished the police by McIntyre and  
a general alarm has been sent out  
Locusts, Birmingham and Kane of In-  
spector Cray's staff and six detec-  
tives, aided by several policemen,  
scoured the neighborhood without  
avail. The traffic policeman at Duane  
and Broadway saw the men running,  
but was tied up in the traffic jam. By  
the time he was out of it the robbers  
had disappeared.

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

RACING  
RESULTS, Page 2  
ENTRIES, Page 1

## Germans in Their New Offensive Are on the Scenes of Many Defeats



On this front the Crown Prince was defeated on one of his notable  
drives, and the French have made many gains.

## NATION'S RED CROSS DRIVE NOW TOTALS \$114,489,342

City Must Exceed Its Quota in  
Proportion to Country's  
Oversubscription.

The nation has raised \$114-  
489,342 for the Red Cross Second  
War Fund, so it was announced at  
the campaign headquarters here  
at noon to-day. Every district  
except the one centering on New  
Orleans either has met or passed  
its quota and that district is 91  
per cent. subscribed.

The Red Cross drive is coming to a  
whirlwind finish, with the city be-  
lieved to be near the \$30,000,000 mark  
in its subscription and every hour  
bringing in a flood of added money.

The whole of the heart of Manhat-  
tan is in the grip of thousands of  
girls wearing the white mercy uni-  
form and carrying the white boxes  
which would not be denied. Brooklyn  
is straining every nerve to raise a  
million to cover the deficit in that  
borough and the white boxes have  
invaded that borough like a locust  
army.

Fifth Avenue from Madison Square  
to the Plaza boasted a mobilization  
of from fifteen to fifty workers to the  
block. Every elevated train on the  
three lines and the Interborough and  
Broadway subways had a collector for  
each car.

Pa. Knickerbocker's old wallet is  
getting thinner and thinner each  
hour, and by midnight it will be flat.

Not until all the team captains, the  
heads of the corporations and indus-  
trial committees, the booth workers  
and the house-to-house canvassers  
meet for the wind-up dinner at the  
Waldorf to-night will the final roll of  
the millions amassed be called. Then  
the humble dollar-a-week pledge and  
the pulsant half million contribution  
of a giant corporation will stand  
before the shrine of "The Greatest  
Mother in the World."

William C. Breed, Chairman of the  
Red Cross Committee in New York,  
made this statement shortly before  
to-day.

"It will be impossible to obtain any  
additional estimate of New York's  
total from the headquarters of the  
New York Campaign Committee un-  
til to-night. On the basis of the  
present figures, well over \$35,000-  
000, New York has reason to be  
proud. We may not go as far over  
(Continued on Seventh Page.)

## INFANTRY ATTACKS FOLLOW TREMENDOUS BOMBARDMENT FROM SOISSONS TO RHEIMS

## Hindenburg Shifts Big Attack to Old Aisne Front and Finds British Co- operating With French—Local Actions at Other Points—Offen- sive in Italy May Also Be On.

LONDON, May 27.—The long expected new German offensive is apparently under way. Reports from British Headquarters in France and from the Paris War Office announce an attack on British and French forces following a bombardment of great intensity on the front between Soissons and Rheims, a distance of forty miles. No mention of the result of the battle is made in Haig's report, but the French War Office says the Allied troops are valiantly resisting and that the battle is continuing. The location of the offensive is well to the south and east of the Picardy front, in which region or around Arras or in Flanders the Germans were expected to strike.

This great blow may bear some relation to the reports from Rome of intense fighting on the Italian front. There have been rumors of a great Austrian offensive simultaneous with the German drive in France.

In addition to the main stroke of the German forces numerous actions of lesser importance are reported. London announces that the Germans this morning attacked the French positions between Locre and Voormezele in the Mont Kemmel region on the Northern Flanders salient. Paris mentions artillery attacks in the Champagne, around Verdun, in Apremont Forest and in the Woivre, all to the east of the main offensive. At some of these fronts American troops are located.

The first intimation that British troops have been shifted below the Avre River in Picardy comes with the announcement of the attack between Soissons and Rheims. It is accepted as further indication of Gen. Foch's policy of co-ordinating all the Allied forces. It may also mean that if the Germans intended to attack the French alone at a supposedly weak point they miscalculated Foch's watchfulness.

SLIGHT GERMAN GAINS NEAR KEMMEL.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, May 27 (Associated Press).—The German attack against the Entente positions northwest of Kemmel was launched at 4.30 o'clock this morning after a heavy bombardment. The latest reports show that the Germans have made some small progress in places. The attack seemed to be directed against the ground captured by the French on May 20.

There was great activity on the part of the enemy in several sectors between Arras and Albert early this morning, but no infantry movement had been reported up to 10 o'clock.

Belgian troops have recorded fresh victories over the Germans. On Saturday night they repulsed Teuton attacks or big raids on three sectors of their fronts.

## FRENCH AND BRITISH TROOPS MAKING A VALIANT FIGHT

## French Line Under Sharp Attack at Many Points Beyond the Main Battle Front.

[FRENCH REPORT]

PARIS, May 27.—Following is the text of the statement issued to-day by the War Office:

"In the latter part of the night the Germans opened a very violent bombardment all along the front between the forest of Pinon and Rheims. This morning an enemy attack is in progress along a very extended front